

stay wild, friends

How to destroy cell phone towers

Recipe: Standard size cell phone tower, used by two or three cell carriers. Usually at the installation there will be a sign noting the companies.

Ingredients:

2-3 comrades

Entry tools (Boltcroppers, Wiresnips, etc)
Gloves, Mask, Clean Clothes, Hat, Cap or Hood (for DNA traces)

Fuel (500ml, White Spirit or Kerosene preferred instead of Benzine/Petrol)
Fuel (100ml of Benzine/Petrol)
Firelighters, Several Lighters, Long Pole or Stick (up to 15ft)
Thick Rags/Towelling (to absorb the fuel)
Small Tyre which is easy to fit in a rucksack (from Wheelbarrow, Quad Bike, Moto etc)



Stage 1. Recon the target. Locate the weak point in the installation, which is where the network cables depart from the mast vertical and enter horizontally or similar into the electrical source, which is usually either a small reinforced building or box. The exposed cables may be located at ground level or up to 15ft up the mast for example. Note estimated timings, entry and exit points, security cameras, motion sensors, lighting etc. Aim to execute the action within 15 mins.

Stage 2. Check and enter the site, climb the mast if needed, cut the cable ties that bunch the wires together at the weak point you located earlier. Wedge the tyre in between the cables securely and stuff the tyre with rags and wrap some rags around the cables climbing up the mast from that point. Soak the rags inside the tyre and up the mast with fuel. Take care not to cover yourself with fuel traces, prevent unneeded forensic evidence and do not set yourself on fire. If you are using a pre-made timed incendiary device place it inside the tyre and set it. Climb down.

Stage 3. If using a timed device, leave the site immediately. If not, check the site and your exit points quickly. This second check is to prevent any detection, unnecessary injuries or death due to the extended nature of the action.

Stage 4. Light the fire using a pole or stick wrapped with fuel-soaked rags, Benzine is better here as the wind can get very strong where these masts are located usually. Light the rags inside the tyre from a distance, getting as far back as possible. If the tyre is small, then the fire is smaller, and detection is lessened. Practice operating in windy environments to get used to using fire at altitude and in difficult circumstances. Leave immediately.

Security: Dispose of all materials used in the sabotage action and do not return to the site. Police scientific teams will extensively search the target's area, entry and exit points, and routes to and from, for any trace of material they can use as evidence.

This recipe is open to be adapted and developed for use wherever it is needed, larger and more complex targets and systems need more developed plans of attack. Trial and error are the guide.

Against 5G & the world which needs it



stay wild, friends

(see point below) will cut down the time the lit fire-starter takes to pierce the plastic and ignite the accelerant (from over a minute to a few seconds).

– Tape vs. elastics: tape is more likely to pick up DNA evidence during construction, so should be handled very carefully, but it allows a sturdier construction that is less likely to be displaced during transport. Thin strips of duct-tape work well.

– Recommendations for the rest of the incendiary device: two plastic 1.5 L pop-bottles, taped together so that when lying down they form a valley between them. Fill with a mixture of 3/4 gasoline and 1/4 motor oil. To prevent leakage, fill the containers only 3/4 full, leaving the top quarter as air space for vapors to collect. If the delay/igniter devices described above are taped into the valley the bottles make together, gravity will bring the lit device down into the accelerant even if the tape is burned. If you were to tape the delay/igniter device to a single bottle, it's possible that once the fire-starter is lit it would burn through the tape before the plastic bottle, and come undone before the device could ignite.]

Translated from [Attaque](#)

Molotov Cocktails

We think that it's important for confrontational tactical knowledge to be widespread for the coming storms of revolt. Confrontational tactics can make us safer, because the police become afraid. We need to be careful when playing with fire, but with care, molotovs can greatly increase our power in the streets.

Ingredients:

Empty 500ml beer bottles
Gloves
Gasoline
Motor oil
Funnel
Gauze or strips of t-shirt
Duct tape

Never touch any of your materials without gloves, to avoid transferring fingerprints.

First, fill the beer bottle half-way with a mixture of 2/3 gasoline and 1/3 motor oil. Adding motor oil makes the fire burn longer and bigger. Leaving empty space in the bottle makes it fill with gas-fumes, which will make the molotov more explosive.

For the fuse (shirt or gauze), tie a knot that will fit in the entrance to the bottle, 1 inch from the top. The fuse should reach the gasoline. If you turn the bottle upside down, the knot should hold. Use duct-tape to make the opening more air-tight, because gasoline evaporates.

For larger molotovs, you can use a wine bottle that has a cap you can twist back on. Perrier works too.

Beer-bottle molotovs can be transported in the packaging. Seal them in a garbage bag to diminish the smell of gasoline, and to keep them clean of fingerprints.

It's safest to not wait more than 30 seconds to throw after the molotov is lit.

Stay safe! Stay fierce!

INGREDIENTS

(Cleaned of fingerprints)



Good quality firelighters.
The hi-energy individually sealed or 'gell' type are the best and also help prevent forensic traces on your clothes.



Lighter/
matches

The cars of the wealthy classes, the corporations and the state are the fuel of our urban barricades and the flame of our international solidarity. Using simple, easy to reproduce methods we cause chaos, in an act of social war against the capitalist system and consumer culture. Class insurrection against the prison society.

Instructions

We light the product(s) properly and place in position 1 (directly on top of the wheel under the arch below the fuel tank/cap) for hi-energy individually sealed type, or position 2 (push into/through outer engine grill) for 'gell' type.



The flames will take some time to establish, giving you time to leave the area. Be aware of witnesses and your entrance and exit route.

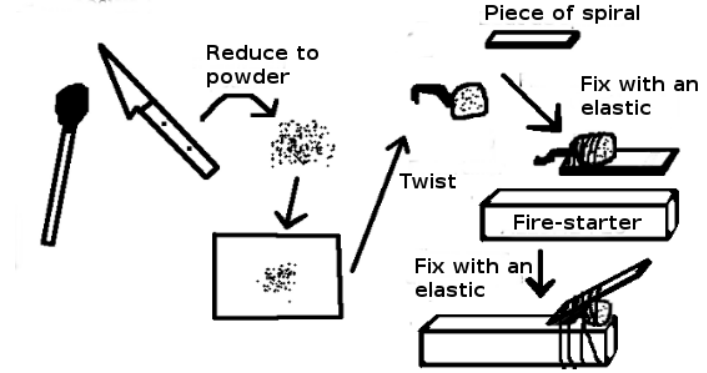


Position 1 will result in a fuel tank explosion if product(s) are hi-energy. Position 2 will result in an engine fire which will also destroy the vehicle.



FOR SOCIAL WAR NOW

manipulations, it's very important to pay attention to not leave a trace. After lighting it, do not blow on it to extinguish the flame, but shake the device!

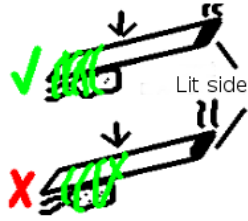


[Notes from Warrior Up:

- You can use multiple delays per incendiary device, so that if one fails the rest of the incendiary device still has a chance to ignite.
- In our experience the anti-mosquito spiral is more reliable than incense.
- An alternative configuration that involves less manipulation is using matches covered in camping fire-paste to light the fire-starter, rather than the sulfur cellophane ball. In a match-book, two rows of matches are attached by a staple. You can use one row of these matches to wrap around the spiral, and if there is enough contact the ember of the spiral will light the matches. However, adding fire-paste to the match-heads and the fire-starter ensures this better. In addition, fire-paste between the fire-starter and the plastic bottles of accelerant

avoiding adding wood shavings, and reduce it to a powder (by wrapping it in paper and crushing it with a knife handle, for example).

Put the sulfur in the middle of a square of cellophane and form a tight ball, by twisting the cellophane well. Fix this ball well to the incense stick or the anti-mosquito spiral with an elastic, ensuring that the ball is well stuck, and that the ball isn't surrounded by elastic all the way until the end (illustration below) – it's necessary that the ember of the spiral is first in contact with the sulfur, otherwise there is a risk that the device will come undone before igniting.

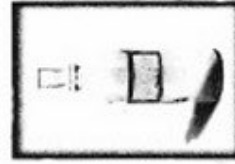


With another elastic, fix this construction onto the fire-starter, sulfur in contact with the fire-starter.

This device allows an adequately long delay, depending on the length of the spiral/incense before the sulfur: one could do tests to evaluate the time that is obtained. It is also more discreet: there is not a flame before the trigger, but just a small ember and a thin trail of smoke. But it is also more complex and can thus necessitate testing it multiple times before using it, with perhaps different brands for the incense, cellophane and/or matches, and with the amount of

INGREDIENTS

(Cleaned of fingerprints)



1.5 Litre empty bottle of water, with 3/4 benzine(gasoline) and 1/4 lamp oil



Crowbar & cloths

IN A SOCIETY OF OPPRESSION AND ABUSE, THE CAMERAS JUST CAME TO ADD TO THE JOB OF CONTROL AND REPRESSION. THEIR DESTRUCTION IS ONE MORE ACT OF RESISTANCE OF ALL THOSE WHO DENY THE SUBJECTION AND CONTINUE THE STRUGGLE FOR THE SOCIAL TRANSFORMATION

Instructions

We break open the right door of the green, white or black box, which is near the camera pole, by putting the crowbar in positions 1 or 2.



We put the cloths at the bottom of the box, you bathe the inside and the cloth with the mixture.



We stand the bottle straight with the remaining mix in the box and we throw inside a lit piece of cloth from a metres distance.



DESTROY THE CAMERAS

EXCERPTS FROM TWO COMMUNIQUÉS THAT INCLUDED SOME INTERESTING DETAILS

We used a simple method: fire sticks half-covered in fire-paste. All the material can be found in a camping store. We lit the fire-paste covered end and placed it in the top corners of the car's grill, between the headlights. We used two sticks per car. The fire is mostly invisible until plastic or motor oil catches fire, giving you time to leave unseen. Be careful: the fire can easily spread to cars parked close-by.

The police who violently enforce gentrification had these encouraging words to say:

“[Montreal police Cmdr. Sylvain Parent] said police have increased their visibility in the neighbourhood in response to the attacks, but it's hard to stop people who want to commit crimes. “If there's someone who wants to do something and they see a police officer pass, they'll wait until we pass by,” he said. “If they really want to do something, they'll do it anyway.”

Until next time,

Black Masked Winners (BMW) / Anarchistes Uni.es Dans l'Insurrection (AUDI)

We claim responsibility for deploying a simple firebomb against the Barclays bank just off Bath Road in Brislington, Bristol, in the early hours on August 28. Candles burned down inside tyres (giving us time to withdraw) to ignite fuel-soaked rags, which set off three 5-litre containers filled with half petrol and half kerosene with crushed polystyrene (the incendiary) and around 1680 grams of camping gas canisters (the explosive). The bank branch was chosen for its lack of adjacent buildings, and to avoid the extremely low chance of passers-by in the area we positioned the device against the back of the building against a window, instead of multiple devices on opposite sides as is commonly recommended.

And why stop there? Towards life without calculation and management, one of freedom and wilderness. Of anarchy. Let's be the system's internal enemy, unpredictable and uncontrollable.

For continual attack and subversion,

INFORMAL ANARCHIST FEDERATION / IMPROVISED GUERRILLA FORMATION

Making delay devices for arsons

1. Notes on security

The devices described here can leave traces, all the more so if they don't ignite. Thus, all manipulations need to be done in a clean environment, with a pair of one-use rubber gloves, while covering your mouth and hair, using a clean garbage bag spread out as a work space, and while wearing a k-way type tracksuit (where hair of any sort won't cling to it). The device can be stored in a garbage bag or a freezer bag before removing your gloves, to transport it. If the material is bought, don't buy everything at the same place and paying in cash could be a good idea. Lastly, in the case of a raid, it's better to be rid of the material and packaging before use.

Lastly, do several tests before using it for real, to be sure that the brands of different materials work well together and to avoid bad surprises!

2. With magic candles

Ingredients:

- fire-starter
- magic birthday candles (that re-light)

With the support of the candle or with a clean knife, make a hole corresponding to the diameter of the candle in the fire-starter, and stick the candle in it such that it doesn't move.

After lighting it, you must in general wait around twenty seconds before the interior filaments are lit and that they will re-light if they extinguish.

Small sparks are given off by candle once it is lit. This device is very simple to make, but it is bright and thus easy to notice by a passerby for instance.

You can count on 5/6 minutes of delay, before the fire-starter cube lights in turn and sets the rest of the incendiary device alight.

3. With anti-mosquito spirals/incense stick

Ingredients:

- fire-starter in individual packaging with easy lighting
- 5/6 matches
- cellophane
- small elastics
- a stick of incense, or a 4/5 cm piece of anti-mosquito spiral

With a knife, remove the sulfur from the matches while